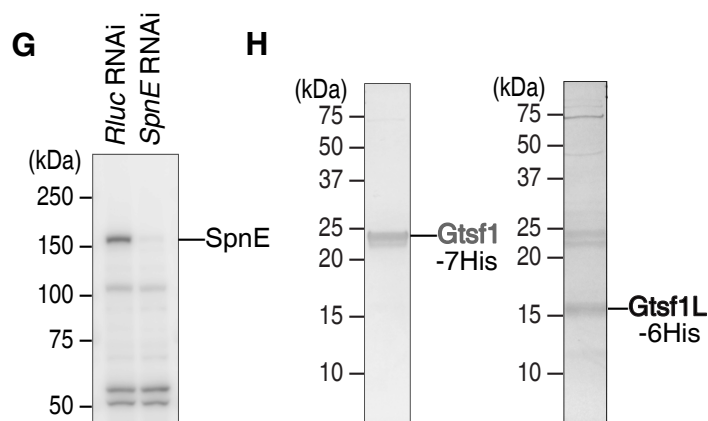
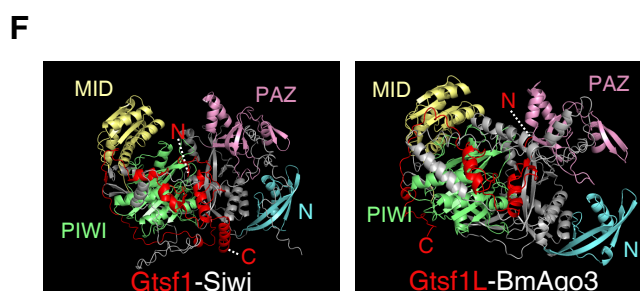
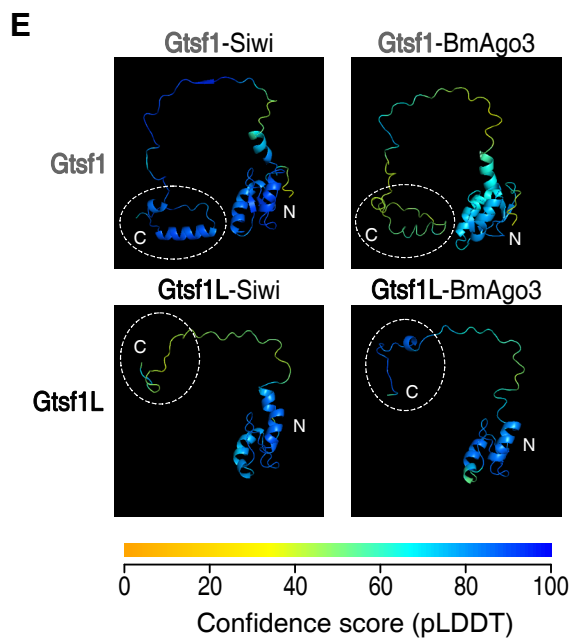
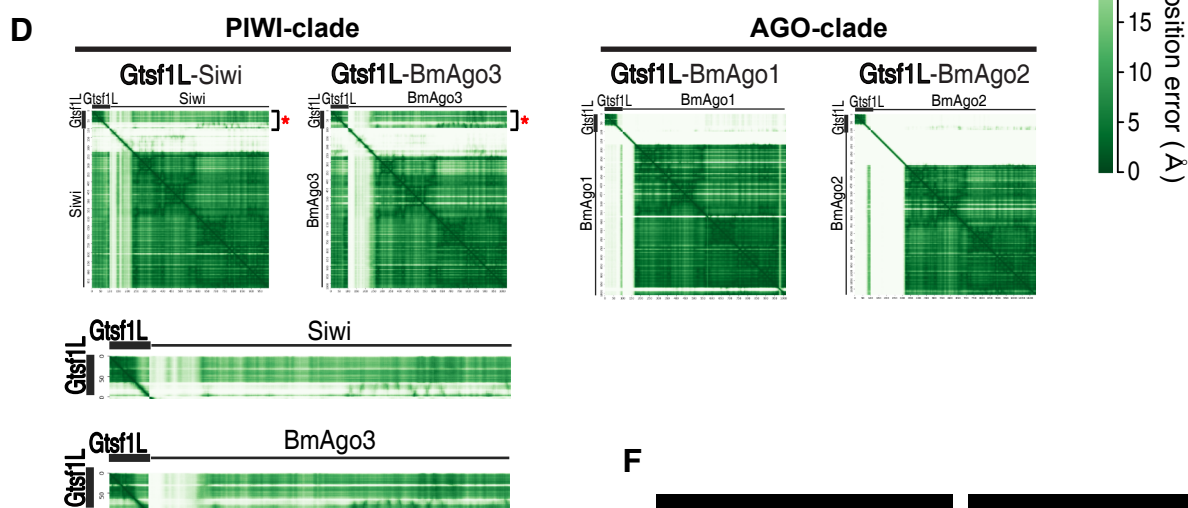
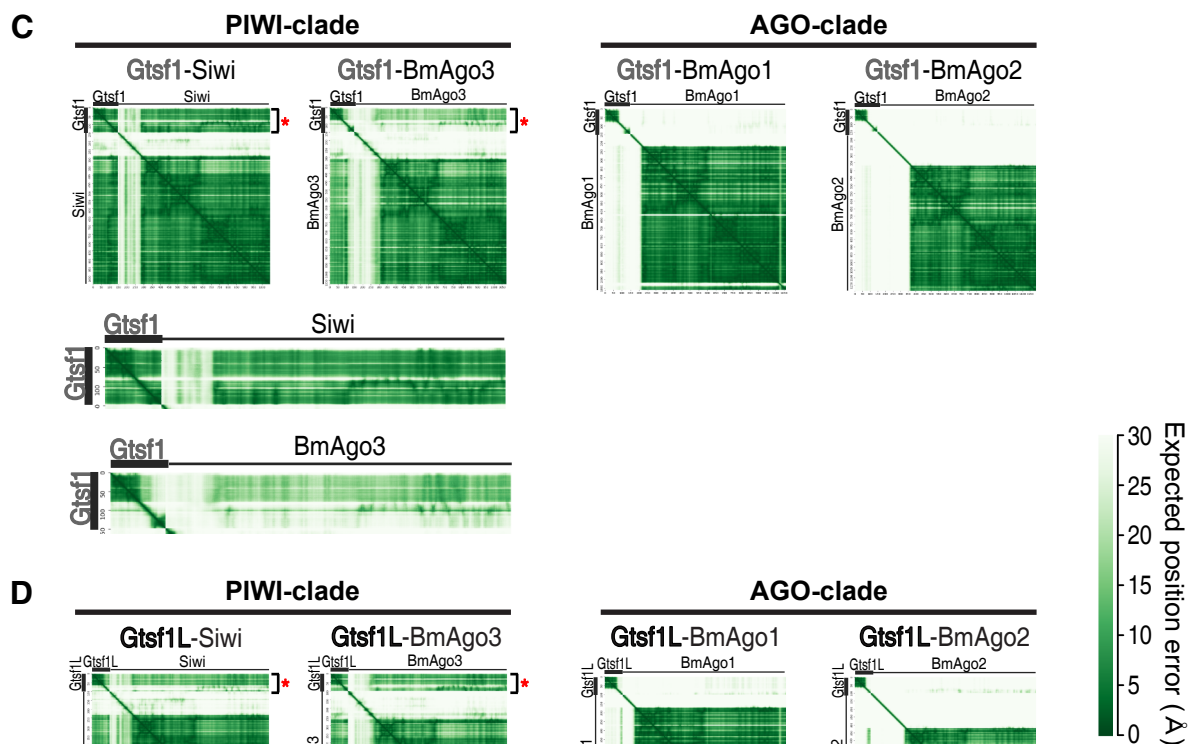
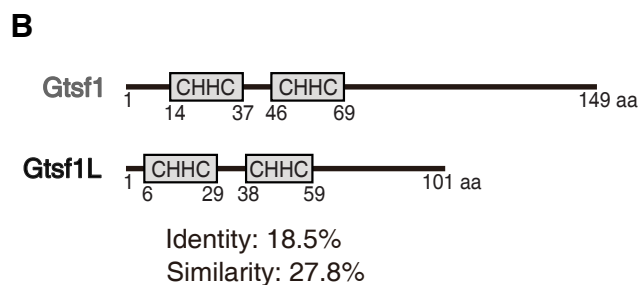
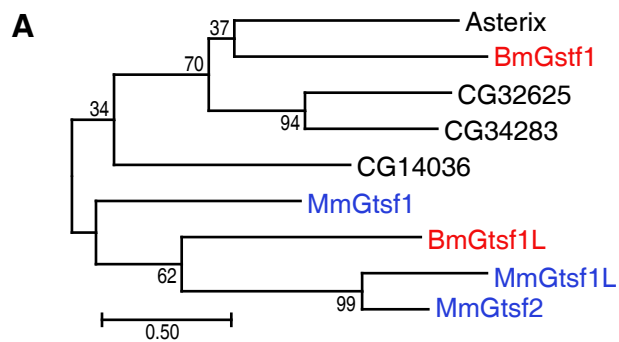




Supplemental Figure 1. Prediction of Gtsf-PIWI complexes using AlphaFold-Multimer.

(A) Phylogenetic tree of fly (black), mouse (blue), and silkworm (red) Gtsf homologs. The phylogenetic tree was constructed using the maximum likelihood method with bootstrapping in MEGAX (Tamura et al. 2021). The numbers at the branch point indicate the bootstrap support values.

(B) Schematic presentation of the domain structure of *Bombyx* Gtsf1 and Gtsf1L.

(C, D) Predicted Aligned Error (PAE) plots for the top-ranked model of Gtsf1-PIWI or AGO (C) and Gtsf1L-PIWI or AGO (D) complexes predicted by AlphaFold-Multimer. The regions indicated with asterisks in the Gtsf1/1L-PIWI plots are enlarged below the plots.

(E) AlphaFold-Multimer-predicted structure of Gtsf1 and Gtsf1L in complex with Siwi or BmAgo3. The C-terminal structure (white dotted circles) of Gtsf1 and Gtsf1L is predicted with higher confidence in complex with Siwi and BmAgo3, respectively.

(F) AlphaFold-Multimer-predicted structure of the Gtsf1-Siwi and Gtsf1L-BmAgo3 complexes. The domain definition (the N, PAZ, MID, and PIWI domains) of Siwi follows a previous study (Matsumoto et al. 2016), and the corresponding regions of BmAgo3 based on the sequence alignment with Siwi are colored.

(G) Western blot analysis of whole cell lysate of BmN4 cells treated with dsRNA for *Rhuc* (control) or *SpnE*. The anti-SpnE antibody successfully detects endogenous SpnE.

(H) CBB staining of purified Gtsf1 and Gtsf1L proteins used for *in vitro* target cleavage assay.